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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/925,236	08/08/2001	Chaitan Khosla	300622000123	5249
23117 7590 02/24/2004			EXAMINER	
NIXON & VANDERHYE, PC 1100 N GLEBE ROAD			NASHED, NASHAAT T	
8TH FLOOR			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
ARLINGTON, VA 22201-4714			1652	
			DATE MAILED: 02/24/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Applicat	tion No.	Applicant(s)
	09/925,2	236	KHOSLA ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examine	er	Art Unit
	Nashaat	T. Nashed	1652
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply			
 A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RETHE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If the period for reply specified above, is less than thirty (30) days, if NO period for reply specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by s Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the rearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no e n. a reply within the sta eriod will apply and v statute, cause the ap	vent, however, may a reply be atutory minimum of thirty (30) o will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fr plication to become ABANDO	timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>(</u>	08 August 200	<u>1</u> .	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is	non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for all	owance excep	t for formal matters, p	prosecution as to the merits is
closed in accordance with the practice unc	der <i>Ex parte</i> Q	<i>uayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) <u>1-95</u> is/are pending in the applica	ition.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with		onsideration.	
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) <u>1-95</u> are subject to restriction and	l/or election re	quirement.	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Exar	niner		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)) objected to by the	e Examiner
Applicant may not request that any objection to			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co		=	
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eian priority ur	dor 25 U.S.C. & 110/	(d) or (f)
a) All b) Some * c) None of:	oigh phonty u		
1. Certified copies of the priority docum	nents have bee	en received	
2. Certified copies of the priority docum			ation No
3. Copies of the certified copies of the			
application from the International Bu			tou in the Hatonal Olago
* See the attached detailed Office action for a	-	· · · ·	ved.
		·	
844			
Attachment(s)		A) [] Interview Summer	ny (PTO 413)
Attachment(s) 1))	4) 🔲 Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail	ry (PTO-413) Date
1) D Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Paper No(s)/Mail	ry (PTO-413) Date Patent Application (PTO-152)

Claims 1-95 are pending.

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-7, drawn to a genetically engineered cell which lacks its native polyketide synthase gene cluster, classified in class 435, subclass 252.31.
- II. Claims 8-31, drawn to a genetically engineered cell, which contains a polyketide synthase type-II gene cluster, classified in class 435, subclass 252.31.
- III. Claims 32-35 and 90-95, drawn to a genetically engineered cell which contains a polyketide synthase type-I gene cluster, classified in class 435, subclass 252.31.
- IV. Claims 36-42, drawn to a method of producing polyketide by a recombinant host cell, classified in class 435, subclass 76.
- V. Claims 43-54, drawn to drawn to a polyketide having the structure formula shown in claim 43, classified in class 549, subclass 200+.
- VI. Claim 55, drawn to a polyktide having the structure formula shown in claim 55, classified in class 549, subclass 389.
- VII. Claims 56, and 67-75 76-85, drawn to a polyktide having the structure formula shown in the claims, classified in class 549, subclass 417.
- VIII. Claims 57-66, drawn to a polyktide having the structure formula shown in claim 57, classified in class 560, subclass 1+.
- IX. Claims 76-85, drawn to a polyktide cyclization method using a polyketide synthase, classified in class 435, subclass 67.
- X. Claims 86-89, drawn to a non-specific polyketide produced by a generic method, classified in class 549, subclass 1+.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions of Groups I-X are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together.

Inventions of Groups II and III are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together.

Inventions Groups II and IV are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case, the method of Group IV can be practiced by a different product such as wild type cell or by chemical synthesis.

Inventions of Group II and those of Groups V-VIII and X are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together.

Inventions of Groups II and IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the method of Group IX does not utilize the engineered cell of Group II.

Inventions of Group III and those of Groups V-VIII and X are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions are not disclosed as capable of use together.

Inventions of Groups III and IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the method of Group IX does not utilize the engineered cell of Group II.

Inventions of Group IV and those of Groups V-VIII and X are related as process of making and product made. The inventions are distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) that the process as claimed can be used to make other and materially different product or (2) that the product as claimed can be made by another and materially different process (MPEP § 806.05(f)). In the instant case, the products can be made by chemical synthesis.

Inventions of Groups IV and IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the two methods are independent having different starting materials and products.

Inventions Groups V-VIII and X are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case, the different inventions are independent chemical entities.

Inventions Groups V-VIII and X and that of IX are unrelated. Inventions are unrelated if it can be shown that they are not disclosed as capable of use together and they have different modes of operation, different functions, or different effects (MPEP § 806.04, MPEP § 808.01). In the instant case the different inventions have different function.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

The invention of Group II, claims 8-31, directed to the following patentably distinct species of the claimed invention: actinorhodin gene, granaticin gene, tetracenmycin gene, frenolicin gene, oxytetracycline gene, and griseusin gene.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, claims 8-17, 26-31 are generic.

Applicant is advised that a reply to this requirement must include an identification of the species that is elected consonant with this requirement, and a listing of all claims readable thereon, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which are written in dependent form or otherwise include all the limitations of an allowed generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which are readable upon the elected species. MPEP § 809.02(a).

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the

case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

A telephone call was made to Brenda Wallach in early December 2003 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37 CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(i).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Nashaat T. Nashed whose telephone number is 571-272-0934. The examiner can normally be reached on MTTF.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ponnathapura Achutamurthy can be reached on 571-272-0928. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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Nashaat T. Nashed, Ph. D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1652